

Census Analysis

Now that you have completed the statistical tables for the census, answer the following questions that analyze that data.

1. According to the 2001 Census, what is the total population of Canada? _____
2. Where People Live
 - a. How many people live in **Central Canada** (Ontario and Quebec)? _____ or _____ % of the population of Canada.
 - b. What percentage of the population lives in **Atlantic Canada** (Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia)? _____ %
 - c. What percentage of the population lives in the **Prairies** (Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta) and British Columbia? _____ %
 - d. What percentage of the population lives in **Northern Canada** (Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and Nunavut)? _____ %
3. Urban Areas
 - a. It looks as if the majority of Ontario's population tends to live in large urban areas. What data supports this statement? _____
 - b. The CMA of Toronto has a population of 4,682,897. By comparison, what is the total population of Atlantic Canada? _____
4. Population Growth
 - a. In what province is Canada's population growing the fastest? _____
 - b. Suggest reasons why this province's population is growing so fast.

 - c. Which province has the largest *negative* population growth? _____
 - d. Suggest reasons why the population of this province is decreasing.

5. Population Density
 - a. What province is most densely populated? _____
 - b. Even though Ontario and Quebec have large populations, their population densities are not as large as some others. Why? _____
 - c. Why are the population densities for the territories so low? _____
6. According to the 2001 Census, Canada has reached a population of _____ million people. Most of these people live in the provinces of _____ and _____. Most people in these provinces live in _____.